SAFETY DATA SHEET

SPECIALTY PRODUCTS FINLAND OY

Safety Data Sheet according to Reg. (EU) No 2015/830

Product name: MOLYKOTE® 1000 Paste

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SPECIALTY PRODUCTS FINLAND OY encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier
Product name: MOLYKOTE® 1000 Paste

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses: Lubricants and lubricant additives

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
SPECIALTY PRODUCTS FINLAND OY
Pohjoisesplanadi 25 A
c/o DITTMAR & INDRENIUS
00100 HELSINKI
FINLAND

Customer Information Number: 800-3876-6838
SDSQuestion-EU@dupont.com

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
24-Hour Emergency Contact: +(358)-942419014
Local Emergency Contact: +(358)-942419014
Finnish Emergency Center: +358 9 471 977

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H400
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H410
For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazard pictograms

Signal word: WARNING

Hazard statements
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P391 Collect spillage.
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Other hazards
This product contains no substances assessed to be PBT or vPvB at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Inorganic and organic compounds, in mineral oil
3.2 Mixtures

This product is a mixture.

CASRN / EC-No. / Index-No.	REACH Registration Number	Concentration	Component	Classification: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
CASRN 7440-50-8 **EC-No.** 231-159-6 **Index-No.** –	–	>= 2,5 - < 10,0 %	Copper metal powder	Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410
CASRN 7440-66-6 **EC-No.** 231-175-3 **Index-No.** 030-001-01-9	–	>= 2,5 - < 10,0 %	zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410

CASRN 61791-53-5 **EC-No.** 263-186-4 **Index-No.** –	–	>= 0,25 - < 1,0 %	N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate	Skin Irrit. - 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. - 2 - H319 STOT RE - 2 - H373 Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 2 - H411

Substances with a workplace exposure limit

CASRN 7789-75-5 **EC-No.** 232-188-7 **Index-No.** –	–	>= 20,0 - < 30,0 %	Calcium difluoride	Not classified
CASRN 64742-65-0 **EC-No.** 265-169-7 **Index-No.** 649-474-00-6	–	>= 20,0 - < 30,0 %	distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Not classified
CASRN 64742-56-9 **EC-No.** 265-159-2 **Index-No.** 649-469-00-9	01-2119480132-48	>= 20,0 - < 30,0 %	distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	Not classified
CASRN 7782-42-5 **EC-No.** 231-955-3 **Index-No.** –	01-2119486977-12	>= 10,0 - < 20,0 %	Graphite	Not classified

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Note
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:
The classification as a carcinogen need not to apply because the substance contains less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346. Note L of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008.

Note
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic:
The classification as a carcinogen need not to apply because the substance contains less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346. Note L of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures
General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

Skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water.

Eye contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Hazardous combustion products: Fluorine compounds Carbon oxides Metal oxides

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

5.3 Advice for firefighters
Fire Fighting Procedures: Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage.
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not release the product to the aquatic environment above defined regulatory levels Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections:
See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Use only with adequate ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents.
Unsuitable materials for containers**:** None known.

7.3 Specific end use(s): See the technical data sheet on this product for further information.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters
If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Copper metal powder	ACGIH	TWA Dust and mist	1 mg/m3 , Copper
	Further information: irritation: Irritation; GI: Gastrointestinal; metal fume fever: metal fume fever		
	ACGIH	TWA Fumes	0,2 mg/m3 , Copper
	Further information: irritation: Irritation; GI: Gastrointestinal; metal fume fever: metal fume fever		

	FI OEL	HTP-arvot 15 min respirable fraction	0,1 ppm, Copper
	FI OEL	HTP-arvot 8h	1 mg/m3
	FI OEL	HTP-arvot 15 min respirable fraction	0,1 ppm, Copper
	FI OEL	HTP-arvot 8h respirable fraction	0,02 mg/m3 , Copper
Calcium difluoride	ACGIH	TWA	2,5 mg/m3 , Fluorine
	Further information: bone dam: Bone damage; fluorosis: Fluorosis; BEI: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section); A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen; varies: varies		
	2000/39/EC	TWA	2,5 mg/m3 , Fluorine
	Further information: Indicative		
	FI OEL	HTP-arvot 8h	2,5 mg/m3 , Fluorine
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	ACGIH	TWA Inhalable particulate matter	5 mg/m3
	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	FI OEL	HTP-arvot 8h Mist	5 mg/m3
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	ACGIH	TWA Inhalable particulate matter	5 mg/m3
	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	FI OEL	HTP-arvot 8h Mist	5 mg/m3
Graphite	ACGIH	TWA Respirable particulate matter	2 mg/m3
	Further information: pneumoconiosis: Pneumoconiosis		
	FI OEL	HTP-arvot 8h	2 mg/m3

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Calcium difluoride	7789-75-5	Fluoride (Fluorine)	Urine	Prior to shift (16 hours after exposure ceases)	2 mg/l	ACGIH BEI
		Fluoride (Fluorine)	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	3 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

Derived No Effect Level
Copper metal powder
Workers

Acute systemic effects	*Acute local effects*	*Long-term systemic effects*	*Long-term local effects*

Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
273 mg/kg bw/day	20 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.	137 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Consumers

Acute systemic effects			***Acute local effects***		***Long-term systemic effects***			***Long-term local effects***	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
137 mg/kg bw/day	20 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	137 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.	0,041 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.	n.a.

Calcium difluoride

Workers

Acute systemic effects		***Acute local effects***		***Long-term systemic effects***		***Long-term local effects***	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	5 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.

Consumers

Acute systemic effects			***Acute local effects***		***Long-term systemic effects***			***Long-term local effects***	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0,5 mg/m3	0,02 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.	n.a.

Graphite

Workers

Acute systemic effects		***Acute local effects***		***Long-term systemic effects***		***Long-term local effects***	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,2 mg/m3

Consumers

Acute systemic effects			***Acute local effects***		***Long-term systemic effects***			***Long-term local effects***	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	813 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.	0,3 mg/m3

Predicted No Effect Concentration

Copper metal powder

Compartment	**PNEC**
Fresh water	7,8 µg/l
Marine water	5,2 µg/l
Sewage treatment plant	230 µg/l
Fresh water sediment	87 mg/kg
Marine sediment	676 mg/kg

Soil	65 mg/kg

Calcium difluoride

Compartment	**PNEC**
Fresh water	0,9 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	51 mg/l
Soil	11 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls
Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.

Hygiene measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Individual protection measures
Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields). Safety glasses (with side shields) should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.
Skin protection
Hand protection: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.
Other protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.
Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process.

Environmental exposure controls
See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	paste
Color	brown
Odor	slight
Odor Threshold	No data available
pH	Not applicable
Melting point/range	No data available

Freezing point	No data available
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	Not applicable
Flash point	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not classified as a flammability hazard
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Vapor Pressure	Not applicable
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	No data available
Relative Density (water = 1)	1,26
Water solubility	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Dynamic Viscosity	Not applicable
Kinematic Viscosity	Not applicable
Explosive properties	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Molecular weight	No data available
Particle size	No data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: 1-Butene. Sodium.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity
Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Acute dermal toxicity
Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Acute inhalation toxicity
Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Sensitization
Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)
Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Carcinogenicity
Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Teratogenicity
Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Reproductive toxicity
Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Mutagenicity
Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Aspiration Hazard
Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:

Copper metal powder

Acute oral toxicity
LD50, Rat, > 2 500 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 423 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity
LD50, Rat, > 2 000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5,11 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 436 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
May cause slight eye irritation.
May cause slight corneal injury.

Sensitization
Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)
Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Carcinogenicity
No relevant data found.

Teratogenicity
Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Reproductive toxicity
In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Mutagenicity
In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Aspiration Hazard
Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)

Acute oral toxicity
LD50, Rat, male and female, > 2 000 mg/kg OECD 401 or equivalent No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity
The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5,41 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
May cause slight eye irritation.

Sensitization
Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)
The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Carcinogenicity
No relevant data found.

Teratogenicity
For similar material(s): Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Reproductive toxicity
For similar material(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Mutagenicity
For similar material(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases.

For similar material(s): Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Aspiration Hazard
No aspiration toxicity classification

N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate

Acute oral toxicity
LD50, Rat, > 5 000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity
Based on data from similar materials LD50, Rat, > 2 000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402

Skin corrosion/irritation
Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Based on data from similar materials

Sensitization
Based on data from similar materials

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
Based on data from similar materials

Calcium difluoride

Acute oral toxicity
Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

LD50, Rat, female, > 2 000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity
The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5,07 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
May cause slight temporary eye irritation.
Corneal injury is unlikely.

Sensitization
Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)
Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
Observations in animals include:
May cause fluorosis of teeth and bones.

Carcinogenicity
Available data are inadequate to evaluate carcinogenicity.

Teratogenicity
Fluorides may cause mottling of teeth in children of mothers exposed excessively before or during pregnancy or during lactation.

Reproductive toxicity
For similar material(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Mutagenicity
For similar material(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Aspiration Hazard
Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Acute oral toxicity
Typical for this family of materials. LD50, Rat, > 5 000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity
Typical for this family of materials. LD50, Rabbit, > 2 000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.
Prolonged contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
May cause slight eye irritation.
Corneal injury is unlikely.

Sensitization
For skin sensitization:
No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)
The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
For this family of materials:
In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:
Liver.

Carcinogenicity
For this family of materials: Did not cause cancer in animal skin painting studies.

Teratogenicity
Typical for this family of materials. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

Reproductive toxicity

Typical for this family of materials. Limited data in laboratory animals suggest that the material does not affect reproduction.

Mutagenicity
Typical for this family of materials. In vitro genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative.

Aspiration Hazard
Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic

Acute oral toxicity
LD50, Rat, > 5 000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity
LD50, Rabbit, > 5 000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402

Acute inhalation toxicity
Based on data from similar materials LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5,53 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403

Skin corrosion/irritation
Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Essentially nonirritating to eyes.

Sensitization
Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)
Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
Based on information for a similar material:
In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:
Lung.

Carcinogenicity
Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Teratogenicity
Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Reproductive toxicity
In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Mutagenicity
Based on information for a similar material: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Aspiration Hazard
Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

Graphite

Acute oral toxicity
LD50, Rat, > 2 000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 401 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity
The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 2 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
May cause slight temporary eye irritation.
May cause slight temporary corneal injury.

Sensitization
Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)
Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs.

Carcinogenicity
No relevant data found.

Teratogenicity
Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Reproductive toxicity
In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Mutagenicity
In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Aspiration Hazard
Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

12.1 Toxicity

Copper metal powder

Acute toxicity to fish
Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).
LC50, 96 Hour, 8,1 µg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 0,792 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
EC50, Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae), 72 Hour, 0,333 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

Chronic toxicity to fish
NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 1 µg/l

zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)

Acute toxicity to fish
Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).
LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, 0,169 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
EC50, Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea), 48 Hour, 0,413 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
EC50, Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae), 96 Hour, 0,136 mg/l
NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 96 Hour, 0,019 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to fish
NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 25 d, 0,025 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 0,037 - 0,4 mg/l

N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate

Acute toxicity to fish
Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
Based on data from similar materials
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 0,1 - 1 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
Based on data from similar materials
EC50, 72 Hour, > 0,01 - 0,1 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201
Based on data from similar materials
NOEC, 72 Hour, > 0,01 - 0,1 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
Based on data from similar materials
EC10, Daphnia (water flea), > 1 mg/l

Calcium difluoride

Acute toxicity to fish
Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.
No toxicity at the limit of solubility
LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), static test, 96 Hour, 105 - 698 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
For similar material(s):
No toxicity at the limit of solubility
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 53,4 - 98,5 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
For similar material(s):
No toxicity at the limit of solubility
EC50, Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae), 96 Hour, 88,3 - 250 mg/l
For similar material(s):
No toxicity at the limit of solubility
NOEC, Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae), 96 Hour, 103 - 510 mg/l
For similar material(s):
No toxicity at the limit of solubility
EC50, Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom), 96 Hour, 166 mg/l

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Acute toxicity to fish
Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).
LL50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), static test, 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
EL50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, > 10 000 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate, > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to bacteria
Based on data from similar materials
NOEC, 10 min, > 1,93 mg/l, DIN 38 412 Part 8

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
Based on data from similar materials
NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 10 mg/l

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic

Acute toxicity to fish
Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).
Based on data from similar materials
LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
Based on data from similar materials
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 10 000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
Based on data from similar materials
EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to bacteria
Based on data from similar materials
NOEC, 10 min, > 1,93 mg/l, DIN 38 412 Part 8

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
Based on data from similar materials
NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 10 mg/l

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Acute toxicity to fish
Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).
LC50, Danio rerio (zebra fish), 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to bacteria
EC50, 3 Hour, > 1 012,5 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 209

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Copper metal powder
Biodegradability: Biodegradability is not applicable to inorganic substances.

zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)
Biodegradability: Biodegradation is not applicable.

N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate

Biodegradability: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.
Based on data from similar materials 10-day Window: Pass
Biodegradation: 65 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Calcium difluoride
Biodegradability: Biodegradability is not applicable to inorganic substances.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic
Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.
10-day Window: Fail
Biodegradation: 2 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic
Biodegradability: Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.
10-day Window: Fail
Biodegradation: 2 - 4 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

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Biodegradability: Biodegradation is not applicable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Copper metal powder
Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)
Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 177 Fish

N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate
Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

Calcium difluoride
Bioaccumulation: Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic
Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and 7).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 3,9 - 6 Estimated.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic
Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

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Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Copper metal powder

No relevant data found.

zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)

No relevant data found.

N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate

No relevant data found.

Calcium difluoride

No relevant data found.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

No relevant data found.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic

No relevant data found.

Graphite

No relevant data found.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Copper metal powder

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Calcium difluoride

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Graphite

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Copper metal powder
This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)
This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

N-Tallow Alkyltrimethylenediamine Oleate
This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Calcium difluoride
This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic
This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic
This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Graphite
This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. This product, when being disposed of in its unused and uncontaminated state should be treated as a hazardous waste according to EC Directive 2008/98/EC. Any disposal practices must be in compliance with all national and provincial laws and any municipal or local by-laws governing hazardous waste. For used, contaminated and residual materials additional evaluations may be required.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):

14.1	**UN number**	UN 3077
14.2	**UN proper shipping name**	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.(Copper metal powder, Zinc)
14.3	**Transport hazard class(es)**	9
14.4	**Packing group**	III
14.5	**Environmental hazards**	Copper metal powder, Zinc
14.6	**Special precautions for user**	Hazard Identification Number: 90

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

14.1	**UN number**	UN 3077
14.2	**UN proper shipping name**	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.(Copper metal powder, Zinc)
14.3	**Transport hazard class(es)**	9
14.4	**Packing group**	III
14.5	**Environmental hazards**	Copper metal powder, Zinc
14.6	**Special precautions for user**	EmS: F-A, S-F
14.7	**Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code**	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

14.1	**UN number**	UN 3077
14.2	**UN proper shipping name**	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.(Copper metal powder, Zinc)
14.3	**Transport hazard class(es)**	9
14.4	**Packing group**	III
14.5	**Environmental hazards**	Not applicable
14.6	**Special precautions for user**	No data available.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
This product contains only components that have been either registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)., The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer´s/user´s responsibility to ensure that his/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct., Polymers are exempted from registration under REACH. All relevant starting materials and additives have been either registered, or are exempt from registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.
Listed in Regulation: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
Number in Regulation: E1
100 t
200 t

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 - Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410 - Calculation method

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Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

2000/39/EC	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
FI OEL	Finland. HTP Values - Concentrations Known to be Harmful
HTP-arvot 15 min	Short term exposure limit
HTP-arvot 8h	Long term exposure limit
TWA	Limit Value - eight hours
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Information Source and References
This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

SPECIALTY PRODUCTS FINLAND OY urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.
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